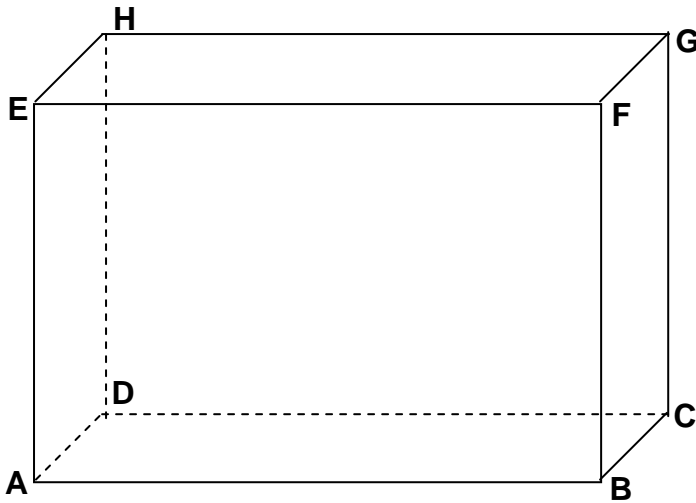


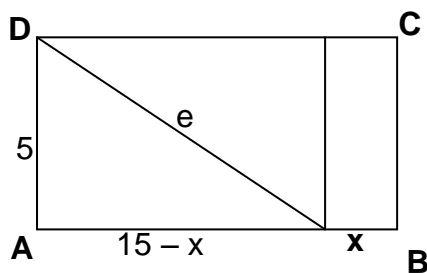
Lösung (Aufgabe Westermann, Mathe 10, S106, A1):

1a)



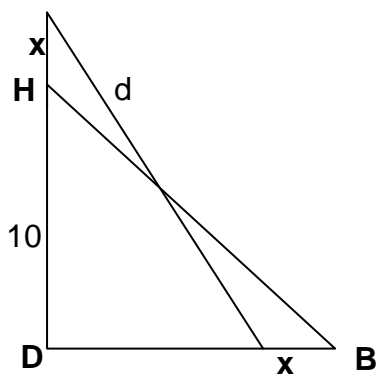
1b) Intervall von x: $0 < x < 15$

1 c) Skizze:



$$e = \sqrt{5^2 + (15-x)^2} = \sqrt{25 + 225 - 30x + x^2}$$

$$e = \sqrt{x^2 - 30x + 250}$$



$$d = \sqrt{(10+x)^2 + x^2 - 30x + 250}$$

$$= \sqrt{100 + 20x + x^2 + x^2 - 30x + 250}$$

$$d = \sqrt{2x^2 - 10x + 350}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 - 30x + 250}$$

1d) Volumen in Abhängigkeit von x:

$$V(x) = (15-x) \cdot 5 \cdot (10+x)$$

$$= (15-x) \cdot (50+5x)$$

$$= (750 + 75x - 50x - 5x^2)$$

$$V(x) = (-5x^2 - 25x + 750) \text{ cm}^3$$

1e) Oberfläche in Abhängigkeit von x:

$$\begin{aligned}A_g &= (15 - x) \cdot 5 \\ &= 75 - 5x\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}U_{\text{Mantel}} &= 2(15 - x) + 2 \cdot 5 \text{ cm} \\ &= 30 - 2x + 10 \text{ cm} \\ &= 40 - 2x\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}A_{\text{Mantel}} &= (40 - 2x) \cdot (10 + x) \\ &= 400 + 40x - 20x - 2x^2\end{aligned}$$

$$A_{\text{Mantel}} = -2x^2 + 20x + 400$$

$$\begin{aligned}O(x) &= -2x^2 + 20x + 400 + 2 \cdot (75 - 5x) \\ &= -2x^2 + 10x + 550 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{O(x) = -2x^2 + 10x + 550 \text{ cm}^2}$$

1f) Maximales Volumen:

$$\begin{aligned}V(x) &= -5x^2 - 25x + 750 \text{ cm}^3 \\ V(x) &= -5(x^2 + 5x - 150) \text{ cm}^3 \\ &= -5(x^2 + 5x + 2,5^2 - 2,5^2 - 150) \\ &= -5[(x + 2,5)^2 - 156,25] \\ &= -5(x + 2,5)^2 + 781,25\end{aligned}$$

$$V_{\text{max}} = 781,25 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ für } x = -2,5$$

Maximale Oberfläche:

$$\begin{aligned}O(x) &= -2x^2 + 10x + 550 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= -2(x^2 - 5x + 2,5^2 - 2,5^2 - 275) \\ &= -2[(x - 2,5)^2 - 281,25] \\ &= -2(x - 2,5)^2 + 562,5\end{aligned}$$

$$O_{\text{max}} = 562,5 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ für } x = 2,5$$

1g) Intervall von x: $0 < x < 15$

Volumen in Abhängigkeit von x:

$$\begin{aligned}V(x) &= (15 - x) \cdot 5 \cdot (10 + 0,5x) \\ &= (15 - x) \cdot (50 + 2,5x) \\ &= (750 + 37,5x - 50x - 2,5x^2) \\ \mathbf{V(x) = (-2,5x^2 - 12,5x + 750) \text{ cm}^3}\end{aligned}$$

Oberfläche in Abhängigkeit von x:

$$\begin{aligned}A_g &= (15 - x) \cdot 5 \\ &= 75 - 5x\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}U_{\text{Mantel}} &= 2(15 - x) + 2 \cdot 5 \text{ cm} \\ &= 30 - 2x + 10 \text{ cm} \\ &= 40 - 2x\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}A_{\text{Mantel}} &= (40 - 2x) \cdot (10 + 0,5x) \\ &= 400 + 20x - 20x - x^2\end{aligned}$$

$$A_{\text{Mantel}} = -x^2 + 400$$

$$\begin{aligned}O(x) &= -x^2 + 400 + 2 \cdot (75 - 5x) \\ &= -x^2 + 400 + 150 - 10x\end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{O(x) = -x^2 - 10x + 550 \text{ cm}^2}$$

Maximales Volumen:

$$\begin{aligned}V(x) &= -2,5(x^2 + 5x - 300) \text{ cm}^3 \\ &= -2,5(x^2 + 5x + 2,5^2 - 2,5^2 - 300) \\ &= -2,5[(x + 2,5)^2 - 306,25] \\ &= -2,5(x + 2,5)^2 + 765,63\end{aligned}$$

$$V_{\text{max}} = 765,63 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ für } x = -2,5$$

Maximale Oberfläche:

$$\begin{aligned}O(x) &= -(x^2 + 10x - 550) \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= -(x^2 + 10x + 5^2 - 5^2 - 550) \\ &= -[(x + 5)^2 - 575] \\ &= -(x + 5)^2 + 575\end{aligned}$$

$$O_{\text{max}} = 575 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ für } x = -5$$